

The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 3254

MONDAY APRIL 9, 1744.

Stockholm, April 3.



Courier who arrived here lately from M. de Rudensboid, his Majesty's Minister at the Court of Berlin, has brought the agreeable News, that the Marriage between his Royal Highness and the Princess Louisa Ulrica, is intirely concluded. His Excellency Count Gyllenburgh, who is at the Head of

facts here, seems to have, of late, somewhat on the report of great importance. He confers frequently with Royal Highness, is often whole Mornings in private with the Russian Generals, and seems as much taken up ever he was during the last War. He is allowed to be a good Head for Trade, which some attribute to Stay in England; however, it is certain he is against a modern Project, of increasing and securing Commerce by Prohibitions; and yet these Projects will take place; for Sweden is one of those Kingdoms, where a minister is often forced to forward Measures that he disapproves in his own Mind.

Turin, March 23. The French and Spanish Squadrons divided. The French are by themselves in Alicante; and, by Advice received directly from Spain, the Spanish Squadron, which has taken Refuge in three several Ports of that Kingdom, is in so ruined and wretched Condition, that several Ships will never be able to go to Sea again, and none of them for this Campaign.

From the Camp at Canes in Provence, March 29.

We are at last moving forward to go and attack the

King of Sardinia's Intrenchments at Nice and Montauz.

Every Thing is ready for throwing two Bridges over the River Var, which the Army will pass, in order to form a Line of Battle upon the Mountain, at the place called the Piol; at the same Time two Bodies of Troops will act on the Side of Apremont, in order to besiege 1000 Men, which the King of Sardinia has placed there. It is believed, that another Corps will sail over Sea to Monaco, to attack the Enemy beyond the Turbie, but as yet there is no manner of Preparation made for transporting them; besides that, four French Frigates are cruising between Villafranca and Ancona, and Yesterday, as we passed along the Coast, they fired several Cannon at us; which has obliged our General to raise four Batteries upon the Redoubts already built, in order to force them to retire.

Lige, April 10. The Intelligence now received from Frontiers differs from the last Advices from thence. It is now said, that, instead of a Camp at Givet, the Garrison there will be augmented to 10,000 Men; and that no new Massacres are ordered to be immediately made over the Use of the Troops. Several Bodies of Troops, which were on their March towards Flanders, have received Orders to halt, under Pretence of the bad Weather; and are distributed into Sedan, Rocroi, Charleroi, and Melieres; which are now so full of Regular Troops, that the Militia have been obliged to march out, and take Quarters in the Villages. A large Lighter is down the Maize from Charleville to Givet, loaden with Wool Sacks; which the French say are to be transferred to Valenciennes, to be made use of in a Siege. The 20th of March 23. Waggon were sent from Avesnes to Maubeuge, loaden with Cannon Shot, from 48 Pounds.

Dague, April 14. The following is a Translation of a Memorandum prefigured to the States-General this Day, by Trevor.

High and Mighty Lords,

When, upon the first Notice of the Hostilities which France was meditating against the King my Master, I had the Honour to demand of your High Mightinesses Part of the Succour due to his Majesty by the Treaties; your High Mightinesses complied with that requisition with so much Cordiality and Readiness, having been pleased to give at the same Time, in your Resolution of the 2d of last Month, Assurances of all Assistance which the common Interest, and the Obligations of the Treaties might require, and which could be in your Power; that it would be doing your High Mightinesses an Injustice not to depend, in the present Situation of Affairs, upon receiving an Answer equally ready and favourable to the Demand which I gave the Honour to make at present.

The King my Master, who, by the open War which France has just declared against him, has a Right to promise himself, from the Equity and Wisdom of your High Mightinesses, the entire Effect of the Engage-

ments which so closely unite the two Nations, and which constitute their common Safety, commands me to require your High Mightinesses to send him, provisionally, the other Part of the Succour stipulated by the Treaty of the Year 1678; consisting of Twenty Men of War, well Mann'd and Provided, to be joined, with all Expedition, to the Fleet which his Majesty is assembling in the Channel.

At the same Time that the King expects this new Proof of the good Faith and Friendship of your High Mightinesses, his Majesty commands me to express to you his entire Satisfaction in, and Acknowledgment of that, which he has so lately received, and to assure your High Mightinesses of the exactest Return on his Part, in so critical a Conjunction, where the Hearts and Hands of the two Nations ought to be united as those of one People.

It is, High and Mighty Lords, this real and effective Union, that, next to the Blessing of the Almighty, (which the Justice of his Majesty's Arms gives the greatest Reason to hope for) is the strongest and surest Barrier that we can oppose against every Enemy to the Prosperity, the Liberty, and the Independence of our respective Countries. Done at the Hague this 14th Day of April, 1744.

Sign'd Robt. Trevor.

I R E L A N D.

Dublin, March 31. The Transport Vessel bound from hence to Chester, with 115 Soldiers and four Officers on board, which sailed from hence last Tuesday, and which ran foul of the Man of War, by which she lost her Bow-sprit, and Fore-mast Sail, hath got safe into the Isle of Man. His Grace the Duke of Devonshire hath ordered a Ship to sail thither, in order to carry the above Soldiers and Officers to Parkgate.

H O M E P O R T S.

Dublin, March 31. Arrived the St. John Baptist, Cassel, from Bourdeaux; the Mary, Ovington, and the Charming Jenny, Chevers, both from Faro; and the Happy Return, Poolegate, from Rotterdam.

Portsmouth, April 6. Came to Spithead, the Edward and Mary, Little, from London for Liverpool. Came into the Harbour, the Anne and Betty, Latham, the Sooey Snow, Buntington, and the Jeaflower, Muggell, all from Pile of Fowdry, loaden with Shot for this Port and London; and the Fort St. George, Acton, from London for East-India; to repair the Damage she received from the Hampshire Man of War, at St. Helen's, as they were getting under Sail.

Dover, April 6. Wind W. Came in the St. Peter, Jacobs, from Surdam for Roan; the Richard, Wolton, from London for Gibraltar; the Prosperous, Walsh, from Dublin for Ostend; the Penny, Peck, from Lymington for Yarmouth; and the Elizabeth, Turner, from Newcastle for Lymington. The Vessel for Gibraltar was at Anchor under Sandgate Castle, and the Fort taking her for a French Privateer, fired at her, and lodg'd a Shot between Wind and Water, which oblig'd her to slip, and run away for this Place.

Deal, April 6. Wind W. In the Downs his Majesty's Ships Dreadnought and Jersey, Aetna and Scipio Fire-ships, and the Outward-bound. Arrived Yesterday Afternoon the Tuscany, Sprakling, from Leghorn; five Weeks Passage; and retook, coming up the Channel, the Nancy Brigantine, Capt. Tracy, from Santa Cruz for London, taken before by a Spanish Privateer, who had on board 11 Spaniards, and two English.

Deal, April 7. Wind S. W. Remain the Dreadnought Man of War, Aetna and Scipio Fire-ships; the King William, Phillips, for East-India; the Phoenix, Honour, for Antigua; and the Mary Galley, Mitchell, for the Streights. Came down the Swift Privateer, Hutton, on a Cruize. Yesterday Afternoon his Majesty's Ship Jersey sailed on a Cruize.

L O N D O N.

The Promotion of the Count de Saxe to the Rank of Marshal of France, has been brought about without the Help, and against the Expectations, of his Friends. He had, indeed, a Sort of a Promise, upon his going to Dunkirk, which was look'd on as void, when that Scheme miscarried; and the utmost his Interest could procure, was a separate Command in Germany, by which his Hopes of the Battalion were postponed. But his Imperial Majesty (who has now more Credit than ever) insisted on having his old Friend, the Marshal Duke de Bellisle; in which if he prevails (for the Point is not yet decided) M. de Saxe will have the Marshal's Staff, to pacify him for the Loss of that Command, and, perhaps, to qualify him for a better.

At last the Count de Baviere is arrived at Frankfort, where he has been for some Time impatiently expected. It is said, he did not leave Paris, till the Court came absolutely into all that the Emperor desired, and agreed that he should absolutely direct the next Campaign at his own Will and Pleasure. The Difficulties that occur'd in doing this, made his Excellency stay so long; and some were of Opinion, that the Court would, at last, have thought of some other Person. But as that Change would have extremely mortified his Imperial Majesty, at a Time when his Influence is the Secret-Anchor of France, it was resolved to content him, and to allow the Count de Baviere to promise him fair, whatever may fall out as to the Performance.

The same Letters from Holland, which brought us these Particulars, inform us likewise, that the Cavalier de Camilly had the Command given him of the Breit Squadron, and Orders to sail immediately to Toulon, where he is to join M. de Cour, and to offer the English Fleet Battle a Second Time, in order to open a free Passage to Italy by Sea. As this was said publicly at Versailles by Cardinal Tencin, it is suspected, by some deep Politicians, that the Court has already Intelligence of Admiral Matthew's coming back to the Hieres, and that this is invented, to prevent the News from making too great an Impression on the Minds of the People; the Actions of the East-India Company sinking apace, and very little done at above 1750.

The late Count Tarlo, who was killed by Count Camilis de Pouiatowski, in a Duel, had some Premonition of his Fate, tho' he woud not avoid it; for he not only made his Will, but the Evening before his Death wrote several Letters to Friends, concluding thus; Adieu! I have certain Warning that I am near my End; and that this will be the last Testimony I shall be able to give you of my Affection.

According to the best Accounts that can be had, as to the Strength of the French Army in Flanders, which the King is to command in Person, it will consist of 110 Battalions, and 60 Squadrons. His most Christian Majesty proposes to put himself at the Head of it by the 14th of May, N. S. and has already named four Noblemen for his Aid du Camps; but as to the Dauphin's going thither, it appears a little uncertain.

On Saturday last died at Mr. Richardson's, in Salisbury Court, Fleet-street, Mrs. MARY CLARKE, a Maiden Lady, blest'd with an ample Fortune, and a Heart and Benevolence answerable to it. The Loss of whom many poor Families will feel, by the Effects ceasing, who knew not the liberal Hand they had so much Reason to blest: For she had too much inward Satisfaction in the Good she did, to wish it to be increased by outward Applause: And for that Reason strictly pursued the Rule of giving her Alms in Secret.

She had for several Years labour'd under great Infirmitie of Body, which obliged her to reside in or near the Town, for the Convenience of having the best Advice. But till she grew infirm herself, she was eminent (in a Retirement distant from Town) for the Study and Practice of those easy and safe Parts of Physick, which made her a Blessing to all around her: For she delighted in dispensing the best of Medicines to the Poor, who could not have more skilful Helps, especially in beginning Illnesses; at the same time relieving, where the Case requir'd it, as much by her Pow'r as by her Prescriptions. But yet as to the latter, with so much Caution, that she had Many Occasions to take Comfort in her Success, without One to reproach herself for Temerity or Rashness.

'Tis needless to say, that the Death of such a Lady, who was also an excellent Mistress, a steady Friend, and, when tolerably well, a cheerful Companion (always afraid of giving Trouble, never thinking much of any when she could serve a worthy Person) should be regretted by all who knew her.

Last Saturday came on, at the Trinity-House, the Election for Two Elder Brothers of that Corporation, when the Lord Baltimore and Capt. Pelly were chosen; in the Room of Admiral Cavendish, and Capt. Snelgrave, deceased. There were present his Grace the Duke of Richmond, with divers other Persons of Distinction, who were afterwards elegantly entertained at the Three Tuns in Gracechurch-street.

We hear, that Mr. Stacey, of Coleman-street, who was so barbarously used by three Foot-Pads, on his Return from Hackney to London, is thought to be in a fair Way of Recovery.

His Majesty's Ship the Griffon, Capt. Legg, is ordered to be Manned at Chatham, with all Expedition; which Ship, we hear, will be one of the Squadron intended for Channel Service.

This Day will be held a Court of Admiralty, for the Trial of the La Francois, the Countess de Mureps, and the La Felicie, taken by the Anglesea, Dreadnought, and Jersey Men of War.

The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Lincoln has nominated Dr. Taylor, of St. John's College in Cambridge, to be Chancellor of the Diocese of Lincoln, in the Room of Mr. Reynolds, deceased.

Last Saturday Morning one of the Dutch Soldiers was conducted thro' the City, under a strong Guard of his own Countrymen, pinnioned, (with a Book in his Hand) in order to suffer Death for Desertion.

Last Friday the Lady Betty Smithson, Wife of Sir Hugh Smithson, Bart. Knight of the Shire for the County of Middlesex, was safely deliver'd of a Daughter at his House in Grosvenor-street.

Last Saturday Charles Leigh, Esq; High Bailiff of Westminster, gave a grand Entertainment to the Right Hon the Lord Percival, and Charles Edwin, Esq; Representatives of the said City, and several other Gentlemen, at Lebeck's Head in the Strand.

On Friday Night a Gardener was attack'd by two Footpads, and us'd in a cruel manner; but some Gentlemen coming up, they were forc'd to make off without their Booty. The poor Man was carry'd to the Hospital at Hyde Park Corner, but 'tis fear'd he can't recover.

From the London Gazette.

Whitehall, April 3. This Day Signior Pietro Andrea Capello, Ambassador from the most Serene Republick of Venice to the King, deliver'd to his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, a Paper, of which the following is a Translation, on Occasion of a Dispute which lately happened at Rome between the Coaches of the Venetian Ambassador there, and of the younger Son of the Pretender.

Copy of the Note which his Excellency Signior Kr. Lazz, the Venetian Ambassador at Rome, will have presented to the Cardinal Secretary of State, in Execution of the Resolutions of the most Excellent Senate, of the 14th of March, 1744.

The Ambassador of Venice finding it to be his Duty to execute, with the utmost Expedition, a Commission from the most Excellent Senate, which he received with his Letters of this Day, he thinks it indispensable to communicate to his Eminence, the Secretary of State, what follows; v.z.

That his Holiness cannot be ignorant that the most Serene Republick is one of those Powers who have not acknowledged, as King of England, the Person who is called and treated as such at Rome; since the Venetian Ambassadors here have always forborne shewing the least Appearance that might seem contrary to the Intention of the Republick, made known to all Europe, and in no Time alter'd.

Accordingly, upon the first Advices which the most Excellent Senate had of the Incident of the Coachmen, they having observed, that the Turn which is attempt'd here to be given to that Affair, tends indirectly to include a Point of so great Importance, as that of introducing the Figure of the Pretender under the Name of King, they determined not to hearken to any Negotiation built upon that Foundation; being resolved, on no Account, to depart from the Maxims above-mentioned; agreeably to which, the strictest Orders had been given to him the Ambassador.

The Ambassador thus executing, with due Obedience, the Orders of the Republick, has the Honour to assure your Eminence of his own unalterable Respect, &c.

The said Ambassador also acquainted his Grace, that the Venetian Ambassadors at Vienna, Paris, and Madrid, had Orders to make the like Declarations at those Courts.

Admiralty Office, April 4. His Majesty's Ship the Solebay, of 20 Guns, commanded by Capt. Bury, being on a Cruize off Cape Spartel, saw a Privateer Schooner on the 23d of February, at Three in the Afternoon, to which he gave Chase, upon which the Privateer made for the Shore; the Solebay followed her as near as possible, and kept firing upon her, till Night coming as she was obliged to leave her, but in so shattered a Condition, that it was believed she sunk under a Watch Tower on Pedro Point, where the several Times attempted to run on shore, but the Surf running very high, drove her off.

On the 25th of February, Capt. Bury gave Chase to another Sail, and came up with her at Nine o'Clock in the Morning. She at first hoisted French Colours, but when within Gun-shot, she haul'd them down, and hoisted Spanish, and fired a Shot across the Solebay's Fore-fores, upon which Capt. Bury haul'd down the Dutch Colours he had then flying, hoisted English, and began to engage; and they continued firing at each other

very briskly till about One o'Clock, when the Spanish Ship struck, and Captain Bury carried her into Gibraltar. She proved to be a Register Ship from Vera Cruz, bound to Cadiz, had 26 Carriage Guns, and 140 Men, several of them Passengers: She had seven Men kill'd, and upwards of 20 wounded, several of whom died of their Wounds. Her Cargo consisted of about 190,000 heavy Dollars, 1095 Scrons of Cochinal, 556 of Indigo, 424 Hides, with some small Quantities of several other Commodities. The Solebay had only seven Men wounded.

BANKRUPTS.

Sarah Bothell, late of Castle-street, in the Parish of St. Saviour Southwark, in the County of Surrey, Baker and Chapwoman.

Richard Hutchings the Elder, late of Woolmiston, within the Parish of Crewkerne, in the County of Somerset, Yarn Washer.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London-Bridge.	08 08	08 45

Bank Stock, 145. India, 174. South Sea, Nothing done. Old Annuity, 110 3-4ths to 1-half. New ditto, 109 3-4ths to 1-half. Three per Cent. 94 1-half to 94. Ditto 1743, 94 1-half to 94. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Assurance, Nothing done. London Assurance, Nothing done. India Bonds, 1 l. to 18 s. Prem. Bank Circulation, 3 l. 5 s. Prem. Salt Tallies, Nothing done. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, Nothing done. Three per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Million Bank, Nothing done. Equivalent, Nothing done.

Admiralty-Office, April 5, 1744.
Notice is hereby given, That a Session of Oyer and Terminer, and Goal Delivery for the Trial of Offences committed on the High Seas within the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty of England, will be held on Thursday the 26th of this instant April, at Justice Hall in the Old Bailey, London, at Eight of the Clock in the Morning.

Thomas Corbett.

Admiralty-Office, April 5, 1744.
Several of the Seamen belonging to his Majesty's Ship the Medway, at Portsmouth, being come up to London without Leave, it is the strict Direction of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, that they do immediately repair to the Regulating Captains, who will furnish them with Tickets to return to their Ship the Medway at Portsmouth: But if they fail to return on board her immediately, the Marshal of the Admiralty will be ordered to apprehend them, in order to their being tried as a Court Martial as Deserters, and punished with the utmost Severity of the Law.

Thomas Corbett.

War-Office, April 7, 1744.
THE Commissioners of Middlesex, for executing the Act of Parliament for the Speedy and Effectual Recruiting his Majesty's Land Forces and Marines, having signified the Places and Hours of their Second Meeting, in their several Divisions, on Thursday the 12th Instant, which are as follows; viz.

The Liberty of the Tower of London, at the King's Arms on Great Tower-Hill, at Four in the Afternoon.

Tower Division, at the White Lion Tavern, in Whitechapel, at Nine in the Morning.

St. Giles's Division, at the Vestry Room at St. Giles in the Fields, at Ten in the Morning.

Duchy Liberty, at the Vestry Room at St. Clement Danes, at Four in the Afternoon.

Brentford Division, at the Red Lion at Brentford, at Ten in the Morning.

Staines Division, at the Red Lion at Staines, at Ten in the Morning.

Uxbridge Division, at the Crown at Uxbridge, at Ten in the Morning.

Finsbury Division, at Hicks's Hall, and Christian Coffee House, in St. John's-street, at Ten in the Morning.

Gore Division, at the Queen's Head, at Great Stanmore, at Ten in the Morning.

This Publick Notice is given of the Places and Times of the Commissioners Meetings, that all Officers, and others, who are employed in the Recruiting Service, may attend, and receive such Recruits, as shall be delivered over to them by the said Commissioners, according to the aforesaid Act.

This Day is Published,
(Price Sixpence)

A PARAPHRASE ON THE CREATION.

By a Young GENTLEMAN.

Printed for the Author, and sold by M. Cooper in Pater-noster Row.

This Day is Published,
(Price in Sheep, 1 s. 6 d. in Calf, 2 s.)

THE Virgins Nosegay; or, the Days of Christia. Virgins. Divided into several Chapters, and staled under Three Principal Heads, viz. I. What they ought to avoid. II. Virtues which they ought to practise, in order to be happy in this world, and blessed for all Eternity.

To which is added, Advice to a New-married Lady.
By F. L. Esq;
Printed for M. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row.

This Day is Published,
(Price One Shilling)

THE Harleian Miscellany: Or, a Collection of scarce, curious, and entertaining Papers, and Pamphlets, found in the late Earl of Oxford's Library.

NUMBER III.

I. A Continuation of the Curious Life of K. Edward.

II. A Letter to Mr. Sergeant, a Royalist Party, concerning the Impossibility of the publick Establishment of Papists in England.

III. The apparent Danger of an Invasion, briefly consider'd in a Letter to a Minister of State.

IV. A Comedy, or Interlude, of John Baptist's Return from the Wilderness. By J. Balfe, afterwards Bishop of Ossory, Ireland.

V. Orders set down by the Duke of Medina, Lord of the Spanish Armada, to be observed in their Voyage to England.

VI. A Discourse concerning the Spanish Fleet in England, in the Year 1588. Translated from the Italian of Petruccio Ubaldino, a Citizen of Florence.

VII. A particular Account from Ireland, concerning Losses and Distresses of the Spanish Navy upon the Coasts of Ireland, in their Voyage intended from the Islands beyond Scotland, toward Spain.

Interpreted with Historical, Political, and Critical Notes.

Printed for T. Osborne, in Gray's-Inn; and Sold by the Author, at the Golden Lion in Ludgate-street.

This Day is Published,
(Price Nine Shillings, bound, in FOLIO)

THE TRIAL in Ejecution at London, between CAMPBELL CRAIG, Esq; and JAMES ANNESLEY, Esq; and others, May 11, 1744.

The Right Hon. RICHARD Earl of ANGLESEA, DEFENDANT.

Before the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, Ireland, begun on Friday, Nov. 11, 1743, and ended several Adjournments to Friday the 25th of the said Month, Containing the whole Evidence as deliver'd by the Plaintiff, with all the Speeches and Arguments of the Judge, and the Council; corrected and reviv'd by themselves. With the Permission of the Right Hon. the Lord Chief Baron BOWES, the Hon. Mr. Baron Montagu, and the Hon. Baron Dawson.

Printed for J. and P. Knapton, T. Long, C. Davis, and A. Miller.

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THE TRIAL at Large, between CAMPBELL CRAIG, Esq; and JAMES ANNESLEY, Esq; and Others, May 11, 1744.

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Carefully taken in Court, and Revised by a Counselor concern'd in the Cause.

To which is Prefix'd,

Some Genuine Memoirs of the Life of the Hon. James Annesley, Esq; freed from all Partiality and Rositry; with a necessary Introduction to the said Trial.

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This Day is Published,

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